

CHAPTER 1

GET TO KNOW ME

Introduction

Knowing how to introduce yourself as well as describe your physical and personality traits are important abilities to have in understanding how you present yourself to others. By learning how to do this, you can socialize and create connections.

In this unit, we will learn to:

- introduce yourself and others;
- tell others about your hobbies;
- describe people's physical and personality traits; and
- describe others' daily activities.

UNIT

UNIT 1: My Name is Diva

UNIT 2: I Love Singing

UNIT 3: Meet My Classmates!

GREETINGS

Greeting is an expression you give when you first meet someone. It is an utterance you use to talk to others.

Greetings	Responses
Hi!/Hello! Hi there!/Hello there!	Hi!/Hello! Hello there!/Hi there!
Nice to meet you!	Nice to meet you too!
Good morning! Good afternoon! Good evening!	Good morning! Good afternoon! Good evening!
How do you do?	How do you do.
How are you?	I'm fine, thanks. Fine. And you? I'm okay, thanks.
See you! See you later!	See you! See you later! Bye!

INTRODUCING YOURSELF AND OTHERS

Introducing Yourself	Introducing Others
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Let me introduce myself, my name is• Allow me to introduce myself, my name is• I would like to introduce myself, I'm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Let me introduce you to• Allow me to introduce you to• I would like to introduce you to• I'd like to introduce you to
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hello, my name is• My name is• Hello friends, I am	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hi friends, this is• Hello friends, meet my friend• Dewi, meet my friend, Dafa.• Dafa, meet Dewi, my best friend.

ASKING AND GIVING INFORMATION

Introducing yourself means you give information about your identity to others. Meanwhile, when you ask for others' introduction, it means you are asking for information.

Asking for Information	Giving Information
What is your name?	My name is Diva Saputri. My name is Dafa Saputra.
Where is your address? Where do you live?	My address is Akasia Housing Complex at Pemuda Street. I live in Akasia Housing Complex behind our school.
Where do you come from? Where are you from?	I come from Bandung. I'm from Bandung.
What is your hobby?	My hobby is listening to music.
How old are you?	I'm thirteen years old.

WHAT IS PRONOUN?

Pronoun is *kata ganti* in Indonesian. What does it mean?

It means, we can change the nouns (such as: names, things, and possession) in a sentence with pronoun. It has the same meaning, so it does not change the overall core of the sentence. We can use pronouns to simplify a sentence. It is also used to explain the possession of things to which person/people.

Example:

*Diva really loves singing. **She** can sing any genre of music; **she** can even do rap. **Her** hobby is just like Mr. Lukman, her father.*

There are 2 pronouns used in the sentences above. All of them are referring to Diva. Diva stands as the noun. Meanwhile, “**she**” and “**her**” stand for the pronoun.

KINDS OF PRONOUNS

These are the kinds of pronoun used daily. Look at the following table.

Subjects	Objects	Possessive		Reflexive pronouns
		Adjectives	Pronouns	
I	me	my	mine	myself
you	you	your	yours	yourself; yourselves
they (Diva and Dafa; the girls)	them	their	theirs	themselves
we (me and my friends)	us	our	ours	ourselves
she (Diva, Dewi, a girl)	her	her	hers	herself
he (Dafa, Oki, a boy)	him	his	his	himself
it (piano, a cat, the car)	it	its	its	itself

DESCRIPTIVE TEXT

- A descriptive text is a text that describe someone or something.
- The goal is to describe specific people, places, or things.

Generic Structure	Text
1) Identification Introducing who/what is being described.	<i>I want to describe my twin brother. His name is Dafa Saputra, but you can call him Dafa. He is 13 years old.</i>
2) Description It explains more about who/what is described. It can be physical and personality traits, even their hobbies and favorite activities	<i>Dafa is taller than me. He is 170 cm. He has tan skin, because he likes to play outside more. He also has short, straight, black hair.</i>
	<i>Dafa can play many music instruments, but he loves piano the most. He plays piano very well, even better for children his age. Our father taught him piano when he was 5 years old. He even joins a piano course at home. The most interesting part is that he can play the piano after just hearing a song. He often plays piano for me, so I can sing my favorite song.</i>

DESCRIPTIVE TEXT USES THE SIMPLE PRESENT TENSE

To form the simple present test, look at the following format.

- **Affirmative**

Subject + verb 1 + complement
I have a twin brother.

Subject + to be + complement
I am thirteen years old.

- **Negative**

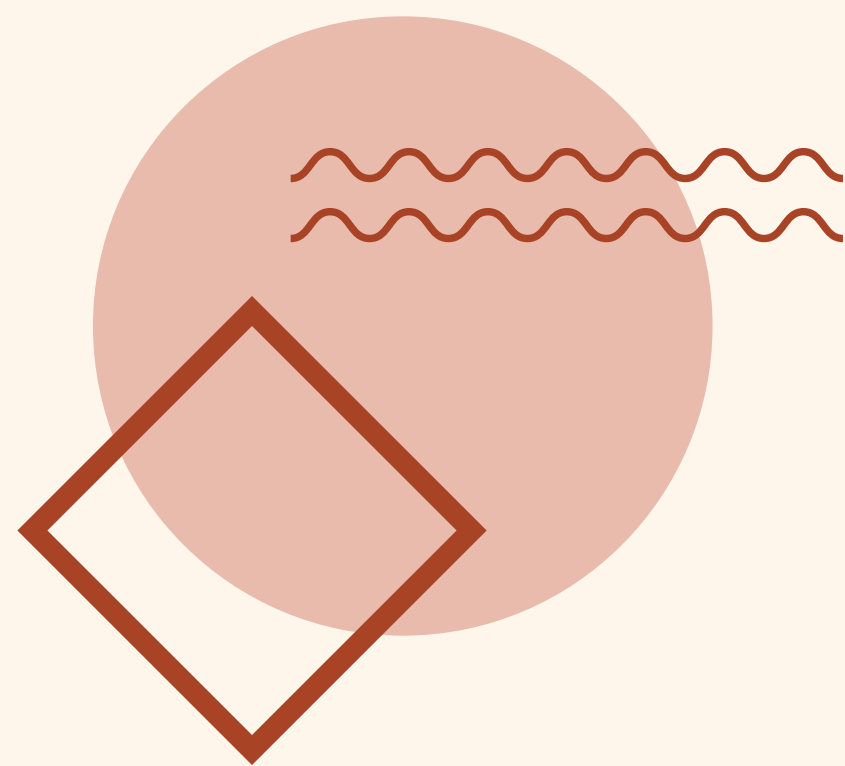
Subject + don't/doesn't + verb 1 + complement
I don't have a twin brother.

Subject + to be + not + complement
I am not thirteen years old.

- **Interrogative**

Do/Does + Subject + verb 1 + complement + ?
Do you have a twin brother?

to be + Subject + complement + ?
Are you thirteen years old.



THANK YOU

